

SFP-535-A
10GBASE, SFP+, LRM Transceiver

Features

- Up to 11.1Gbps Data Links
- Maximum link length of 220M MMF
- Power dissipation < 1W
- 1310nm FP transmitter, PIN photo-detector
- Metal enclosure, for lower EMI
- 2-wire interface with integrated Digital Diagnostic monitoring | Hot-pluggable SFP+ footprint
- Specifications compliant with SFF 8472
- Compliant with SFP+ MSA with LC connector
- Single 3.3V power supply
- Case operating temperature range: 0°C to 70°C

1. Description

The Approved Networks SFP-535-A SFP+ LRM is an optical transceiver module for transmission at 1310nm over legacy multimode fibre. Supporting the 10GBASE-LRM Ethernet standard makes it ideally suited for 10G datacom. It's very low power consumption and its excellent EMI performance allow system design with high port density. The small form factor integrates a 1310nm Fabry-Perot (FP) laser in an LC package and a linear multimode PIN receiver. The module is lead free, RoHS compliant and is designed and tested in accordance with industry safety standards.

The transceiver is a linear-interface transceiver that enables, in conjunction with an Electronic Dispersion Compensation (EDC) on the host board, an IEEE802.3aq 10GBASE-LRM compliant link. The host board EDC provides correction for the severe modal dispersion that may occur during propagation through multimode fibre links, including legacy installed FDDI multimode fibre (see IEEE802.3aq for detailed information regarding fibre coverage).



Applications

- 10GBASE-LRM

Standard

- Compliant to SFP+ SFF-8431
- Compliant to 802.3aq 10GBASE-LRM
- RoHS Compliant.

2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typical	Max.	Unit	Notes
Storage Temperature	Ts	-40	-	85	°C	
Relative Humidity	RH	5	-	95	%	
Power Supply Voltage	VCC	-0.3	-	4	V	
Signal Input Voltage		Vcc-0.3	-	Vcc+0.3	V	

3. Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typical	Max.	Unit	Notes
Case Operating Temperature	Tcase	0	-	70	°C	Without air flow
Power Supply Voltage	VCC	3.14	3.3	3.47	V	
Power Supply Current	ICC	-		300	mA	
Data Rate	BR		10.3125		Gbps	
Transmission Distance	TD		-	220	m	
Coupled Fiber	Multi mode fiber					MMF

4. Optical Characteristics

Transmitter						
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typical	Max.	Unit	Notes
Average Launch Power	Pout	-6.5		0.5	dBm	1
Optical Wavelength	λ	1260		1355	nm	
Optical Extinction Ratio	ER	3.5			dB	
RIN	RIN			-128	dB/Hz	
Output Eye Mask	Compliant with IEEE 802.3aq					
Receiver						
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typical	Max.	Unit	Notes
Receiver Sensitivity	Sen			-10	dBm	2
Input Saturation Power	Psat	1.5			dBm	
Wavelength Range	λC	1260		1335	nm	
LOS De -Assert	LOSD			-11	dBm	
LOS Assert	LOSA	-30			dBm	
LOS Hysteresis		0.5			dB	

Notes:

1. Average power figures are informative only, per IEEE802.3aq
2. Conditions of stressed receiver tests per IEEE802.3aq.

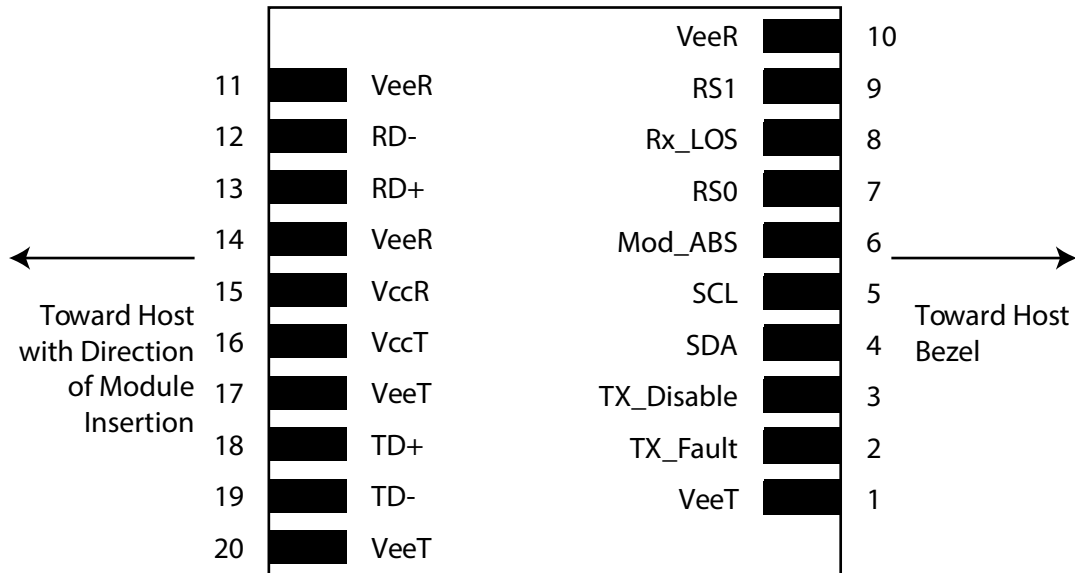
5. Electrical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typical	Max.	Unit	Notes
Supply Voltage	Vcc	3.14	3.3	3.46	V	
Supply Current	Icc			300	mA	
Transmitter						
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typical	Max.	Unit	Notes
Input differential impedance	Rin		100		Ω	1
Single ended data input swing	Vin,pp	180		700	mV	
Transmit Disable Voltage	VD	Vcc-1.3		Vcc	V	
Transmit Enable Voltage	VEN	Vee		Vee+0.8	V	2
Transmit Disable Assert Time				10	us	
Receiver						
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typical	Max.	Unit	Notes
Differential data output swing	Vout,pp	300		850	mV	3
Data output rise time	tr	30			ps	4
Data output fall time	tf	30			ps	4
LOS Fault	VLOS fault	Vcc-1.3		VccHOST	V	5
LOS Normal	VLOS norm	Vee		Vee+0.8	V	5
Power Supply Rejection	PSR	100			mVpp	6

Notes:

1. Connected directly to TX data input pins. AC coupled thereafter.
2. Or open circuit.
3. Into 100 ohms differential termination.
4. These are unfiltered 20-80% values
5. Loss Of Signal is LVTTTL. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; logic 1 indicates no signal detected.
6. Receiver sensitivity is compliant with power supply sinusoidal modulation of 20 Hz to 1.5 MHz up to specified value applied through the recommended power supply filtering network.

6. Pin Descriptions



Pin out of Connector Block on Host Board

Pin	Symbol	Name/Description	Notes
1	VeeT	Transmitter Ground (Common with Receiver Ground)	1
2	Tfault	Transmitter Fault.	2
3	Tdis	Transmitter Disable. Laser output disabled on high or open.	3
4	SDA	2-wire Serial Interface Data Line	4
5	SCL	2-wire Serial Interface Clock Line	4
6	MOD_ABS	Module Absent. Grounded within the module	4
7	RS0	Rate Select 0	5
8	LOS	Loss of Signal indication. Logic 0 indicates normal operation.	6
9	RS1	No connection required	1
10	VeeR	Receiver Ground (Common with Transmitter Ground)	1
11	VeeR	Receiver Ground (Common with Transmitter Ground)	1
12	RD-	Receiver Inverted DATA out. AC Coupled	
13	RD+	Receiver Non-inverted DATA out. AC Coupled	
14	VeeR	Receiver Ground (Common with Transmitter Ground)	1
15	VccR	Receiver Power Supply	
16	VccT	Transmitter Power Supply	
17	VeeT	Transmitter Ground (Common with Receiver Ground)	1
18	TD+	Transmitter Non-Inverted DATA in. AC Coupled.	
19	TD-	Transmitter Inverted DATA in. AC Coupled.	
20	VeeT	Transmitter Ground (Common with Receiver Ground)	1

Notes:

1. Circuit ground is internally isolated from chassis ground.
2. TFAULT is an open collector/drain output, which should be pulled up with a 4.7k – 10k Ohms resistor on the host board if intended for use. Pull up voltage should be between 2.0V to Vcc + 0.3V. A high output indicates a transmitter fault caused by either the TX bias current or the TX output power exceeding the preset alarm thresholds. A low output indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output is pulled to <0.8V.
3. Laser output disabled on TDIS >2.0V or open, enabled on TDIS <0.8V.
4. Should be pulled up with 4.7kΩ- 10kΩ host board to a voltage between 2.0V and 3.6V. MOD_ABS pulls line low to indicate module is plugged in.
5. Internally pulled down per SFF-8431 Rev 4.1.
6. LOS is open collector output. It should be pulled up with 4.7kΩ – 10kΩ on host board to a voltage between 2.0V and 3.6V. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; logic 1 indicates loss of signal.

7. Digital Diagnostic Functions

Approved Networks SFP+ LRM transceivers support the 2-wire serial communication protocol as defined in the SFP+ MSA.

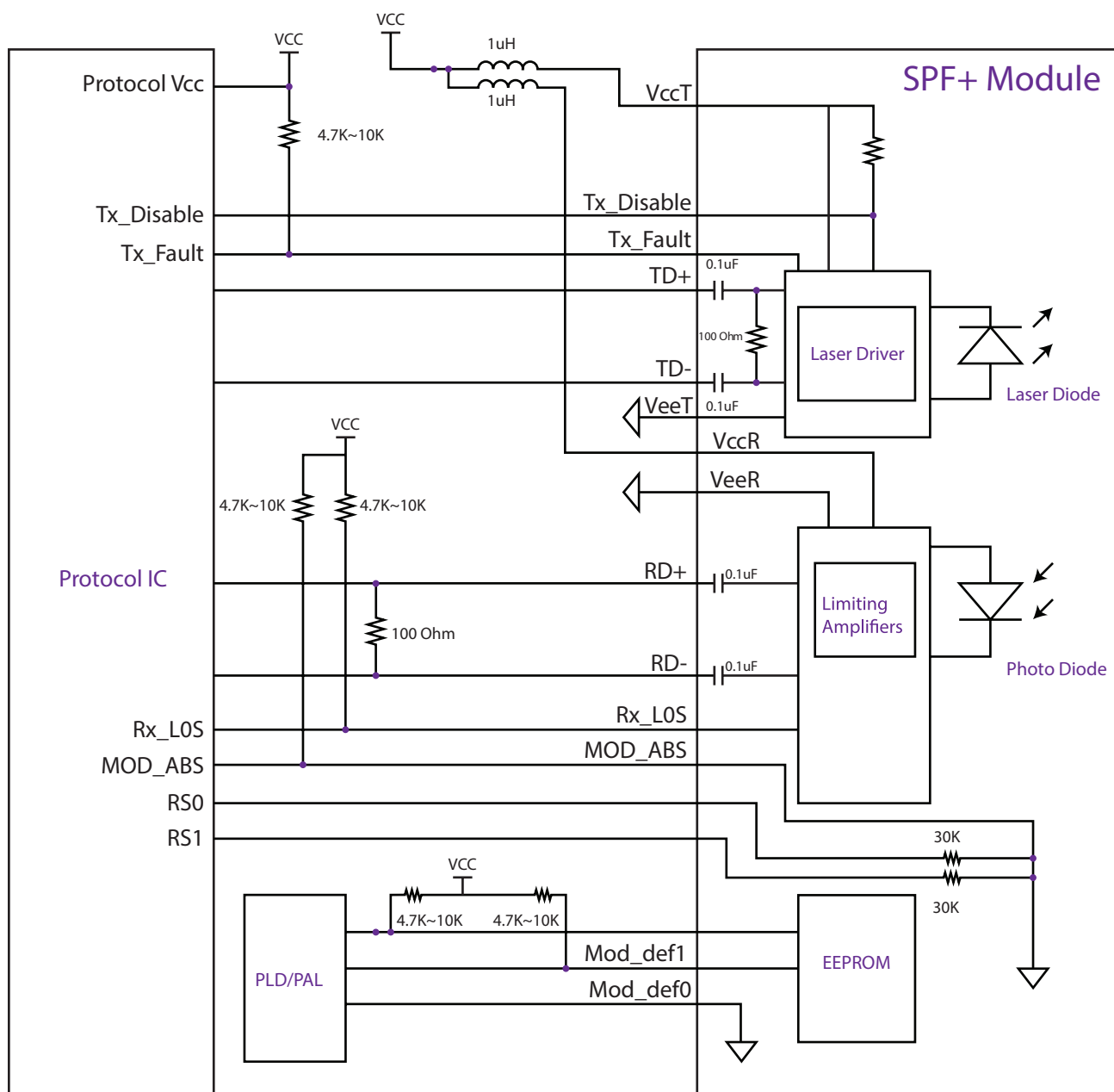
The standard SFP serial ID provides access to identification information that describes the transceiver's capabilities, standard interfaces, manufacturer, and other information.

Additionally, Approved Networks SFP+ transceivers provide a unique enhanced digital diagnostic monitoring interface, which allows real-time access to device operating parameters such as transceiver temperature, laser bias current, transmitted optical power, received optical power and transceiver supply voltage. It also defines a sophisticated system of alarm and warning flags, which alerts end-users when particular operating parameters are outside of a factory set normal range.

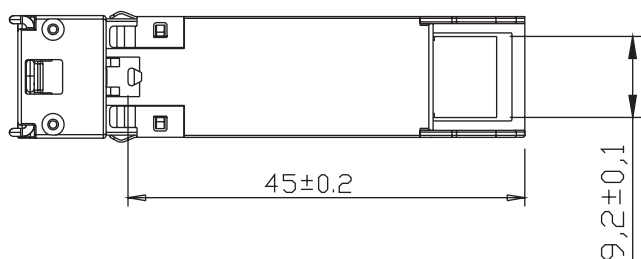
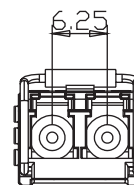
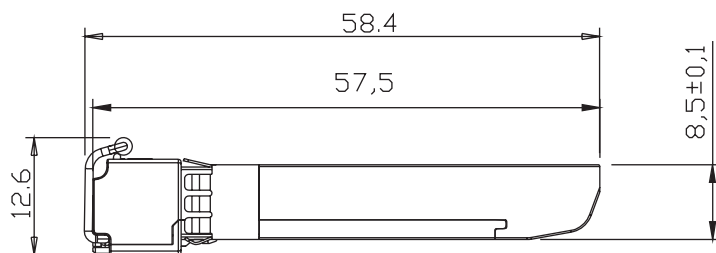
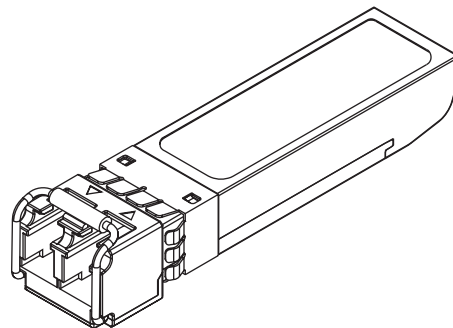
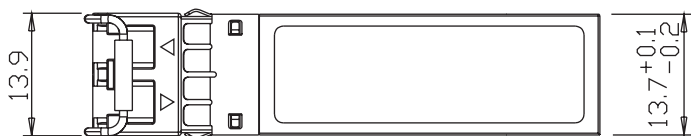
The SFP+ MSA defines a 256-byte memory map in EEPROM that is accessible over a 2-wire serial interface at the 8 bit address 1010000X (A0h). The digital diagnostic monitoring interface makes use of the 8 bit address 1010001X (A2h), so the originally defined serial ID memory map remains unchanged.

The operating and diagnostics information is monitored and reported by a Digital Diagnostics Transceiver Controller (DDTC) inside the transceiver, which is accessed through a 2-wire serial interface. When the serial protocol is activated, the serial clock signal (SCL, Mod Def 1) is generated by the host. The positive edge clocks data into the SFP transceiver into those segments of the E2PROM that are not write-protected. The negative edge clocks data from the SFP transceiver. The serial data signal (SDA, Mod Def 2) is bi-directional for serial data transfer. The host uses SDA in conjunction with SCL to mark the start and end of serial protocol activation. The memories are organized as a series of 8-bit data words that can be addressed individually or sequentially.

8. Host - Transceiver Interface Block Diagram



9. Outline Dimensions



Units in MM

10. Regulatory Compliance

Feature	Reference	Performance
Electrostatic discharge(ESD)	IEC/EN 61000-4-2	Compatible with standards
Electromagnetic Interference (EMI)	FCC Part 15 Class B EN 55022 Class B (CISPR 22A)	Compatible with standards
Laser Eye Safety	FDA 21CFR 1040.10, 1040.11 IEC/EN 60825-1,2	Class 1 laser product
Component Recognition	IEC/EN 60950, UL	Compatible with standards
ROHS	2002/95/EC	Compatible with standards
EMC	EN61000-3	Compatible with standards

11. Contact Information

Approved Networks is a leading supplier of Network Transceivers and Connectivity products to Channel Partners, Resellers, and OEMs. With more than 9 years of direct industry experience, our products are resident in the most demanding and mission critical functional networks Worldwide. We serve as a Master Distributor to the largest CMs in the world and deploy the most rigorous testing and firmware management programs to bring the highest level of functional product to the market at a cost that makes sense.

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